Author: Sam Snow





Topic: U11 First Defender

Age: U11

Activity Name	Description	Diagram	Purpose/Coaching Points
1 WARM-UP SH Players organize themselves into pairs with one ball to a pair.	ADOW EXERCISES Unlimited space. Partner with the ball faces one of the touchlines and dribbles towards his/her partner. The defending partner does a slow retreat while staying within one yard of the dribbler. Shadow the moves of the dribbler as s(he) dribbles towards the opposite touchline. Once the opposite line is reached the players switch roles, repeat the exercise and work back towards the original starting point. VARIATIONS: Face-to-face Side-to-side Recovery		 Body shape (posture) Footwork Angles to the dribbler Space (distance between the defender and attacker) & (location in the playing area)
2 1 VS. 1 DEFENDI 10 x 20 yard grid. One pair per grid and one ball per pair.		20 yds.	 Angle of approach Speed of approach Long strides early to cover yardage Short strides once the defender is within three yards of the dribbler Physical control & emotional restraint Lower the center of gravity by bending the knees and leaning slightly forward at the waist.

Author: Sam Snow



pic: U11 First Defender

Age: U11

3 2 VS. 2

15 x 25 yard grid. Two pairs per grid and one ball per grid. Use training bibs to designate the pairs.

Same set up as in activity number two above. Attackers may pass as well as dribble and try to get the ball over the opposite end line under control. The defenders try to gain possession of the ball.

If the attackers get to one end they turn and attack the opposite end of the grid. Switch roles after two minutes.

- Tactically reading when to be the first defender.
- Help the players recognize when they should be the first defender and when to switch roles with the other defender.

4 3 VS. 3 + 1

30 x 40 yard grid with one age appropriate goal at one end and two small counterattack goals at the opposite end. Three balls at each grid, one in use and one at each end of the grid to keep the activity moving if a ball goes astray.

The team on the attack will always be numbers up because of the neutral player who is only on offense. The defending team will have to make quick and clear decisions on who is to pressure the ball (be the first attacker). Designate one team to be the defenders. They defend the large goal and attack the small counterattack goals. Have the two teams of three switch roles every three minutes. Switch the neutral player at that time also. Use training bibs to designate the two teams. The neutral player must be in a third color.

X O A0 yds. N O X O X O

30 yds.

- Verbal and visual communication between the defenders.
- Clear communication and understanding between the defenders on who will pressure the ball.
- Is the first defender executing the points taught earlier in the training session?
- Do the defenders know when to switch roles and become the first defender?

Author: Sam Snow



pic: U11 First Defender

Age: U11

	_ UUULII™				j
5 4 VS. 4 TWO GOA	ALS				
40 x 50 yard grid with an age appropriate goal at each end. Designate the two teams with training bibs.	No goalkeepers are used in this exercise so as to emphasize the need for proper defensive pressure on the ball. Otherwise play by the normal rules of play for the age group. The small playing area and the small number of players will give the players many opportunities to act as the first defender. Set up more grids if needed to keep all of the players active.				Are the players beginning to execute the
		50 yds.	X	X	points taught through the session on how and when to be the first defender?
			X X	defender?	
			O		
				•0	
			O 40 yd:	0	
6 8 VS. 8 MATCH			+0 y u.	J.	
Set up is a regulation field and goals according to the US Youth Soccer modified rules for the U12 age group.	Combine the players now and include the goalkeepers. Play a regulation match for ten minutes.	F	3.48		 Observe the players to see the decisions they make about playing first defender. Observe the players physical execution of the first defender.

COOL-DOWN

Easy jogging – forwards, backwards, sideways – stretch in between each variation of jogging. Both the players and coaches should drink plenty of water at the end of training.